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transiency, and facilitating the development of a stable, quiet community and peace of mind for all residents, the transfer of ownership of a unit shall be subject to the following provisions:

14.1 Forms of Ownership:

- (A) A unit may be owned by one natural person who has qualified and been approved as elsewhere provided herein.
- (B) Co-Ownership. Ownership of units by two or more natural persons is permitted. If the co-owners are other than husband and wife, the Board shall condition its approval upon the designation of one approved natural person as "primary occupant". The use of the unit by other persons shall be as if the primary occupant were the only actual owner. Any change in the primary occupant shall be treated as a transfer of ownership by sale or gift subject to the provisions of this Section 14. No more than one such change will be approved in any twelve (12) month period.
- (C) Ownership by Corporations, Partnerships or Trusts. A unit may be owned in trust, or by a corporation, partnership or other entity which is not a natural person, if approved in the manner provided elsewhere herein. The intent of this provision is to allow flexibility in estate, financial or tax planning, and not to create circumstances in which the unit may be used as short-term transient accommodations for several individuals or families. The approval of a trustee, or corporation, partnership or other entity as a unit owner shall be conditioned upon designation by the owner of one natural person to be the "primary occupant". The use of the unit by other persons shall be as if the primary occupant were the only actual owner. Any change in the primary occupant shall be treated as a transfer of ownership by sale or gift subject to the provisions of this Section 14. No more than one such change will be approved in any twelve (12) month period.
- (D) <u>Designation of Primary Occupant</u>. Within thirty (30) days after the effective date of this provision, each owner of a unit which is owned in the forms of ownership stated in preceding subsections 14.1(B) and (C) shall designate a primary occupant in writing to the Association. If any unit owner fails to do so, the Board of Directors may make the initial designation for the owner, and shall notify the owner in writing of its action.
- (E) <u>Life Estate</u>. A unit may be subject to a life estate, either by operation of law or by a voluntary conveyance approved under 14.2 below. In that event, the life tenant shall be the only Association member from such unit, and occupancy of the unit shall be as if the life tenant was the only owner. Upon termination of the life estate, the holders of the remainder interest shall have no occupancy rights unless separately approved by the Association. The life tenant shall be liable for all assessments and charges against the unit. Any consent or approval required of association members may be given by the life tenant alone, and the consent or approval of the holders of the remainder interest shall not be required. If there is more than one life tenant, they shall be treated as co-owners for purposes of determining voting and occupancy rights under Section 14.1(B), above.

14.2 Transfers.

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- (A) Sale or Gift. No unit owner may dispose of a unit or any ownership interest in a unit by sale or gift (including agreement for deed) without prior written approval of the Board of Directors.
 - (B) Devise or Inheritance. If any unit owner acquires his title by devise or inheritance, his right to occupy or use the unit shall be subject to the approval of the Board of Directors under Section 14.3(A)(2) below. The approval shall not be denied to any devisee or heir who was the prior owner's lawful spouse at the time of death, or was related to the owner by blood or adoption within the first degree.
 - (C) Other Transfers. If any person acquires title in any manner not considered in the foregoing subsections, that person shall have no right to occupy or use the unit before being approved by the Board of Directors under the procedures outlined in Section 14.3 below.
 - (D) To facilitate transfers proposed during times when many of the members are not in residence, the Board of Directors may by resolution delegate its approval powers to an ad hoc committee, which shall consist of at least three (3) members. The Chairman of the committee shall be deemed a Vice-President, and as such shall be empowered to execute Certificates of Approval on behalf of the Association.

14.3 Procedures.

(A) Notice to Association.

- (1) Sale or Gift. An owner intending to make a sale or gift of his unit or any interest therein shall give to the Board of Directors or its designee written notice of such intention at least thirty (30) days before the intended closing date, together with the name and address of the proposed purchaser or donee, a copy of the executed sales contract, if any, and such other information as the Board may reasonably require. The Board may require a personal interview with any purchaser or donee and his spouse, if any, as a pre-condition to approval.
- Devise, Inheritance or Other Transfers. The transferee must notify the Board of Directors of his ownership and submit a certified copy of the instrument evidencing his ownership and such other information as the Board may reasonably require. The transferee shall have no occupancy or use rights until and unless approved by the Board, but may sell or lease the unit following the procedures in this Section or Section 13.
- (3) <u>Demand</u>. With the notice required in Subsection (A)(1) above, the owner or transferee seeking approval may make a written demand that if the transfer is disapproved without good cause, the Association shall furnish an approved alternate purchaser who shall purchase the unit at the same price and upon substantially the same terms as in the disapproved sales contract, or if no contract is involved, for the fair market value of the unit determined as provided below.
- (4) Failure to Give Notice. If no notice is given, the Board of Directors, at its election, may approve or disapprove at the time it learns of the transfer. If any

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owner fails to obtain the Association's approval prior to selling an interest in a unit, such failure shall create a rebuttable presumption that the seller and the purchaser intend to violate the covenants of this Declaration, and shall constitute good cause for Association disapproval.

(B) Board Action. Within thirty (30) days after receipt of the required notice and all information or interviews requested, or not later than sixty (60) days after the notice required by paragraph (A) above is received, whichever occurs first, the Board shall approve or disapprove the transfer. If a transfer is approved, the approval shall be stated in a Certificate of Approval executed by the President or Vice-President of the Association in recordable form and delivered to the transferee. If the Board neither approves nor disapproves within the time limits as set forth above, such failure to act shall be deemed the equivalent of approval and on demand the Board shall issue a Certificate of Approval to the transferee.

(C) <u>Disapproval</u>.

- (1) With Good Cause. Approval of the Association shall be withheld for good cause only if a majority of the whole Board so votes, after receiving a written opinion of counsel that good cause exists. Only the following may be deemed to constitute good cause for disapproval:
 - (a) The person seeking approval has been convicted of a felony involving violence to persons or property, a felony involving possession or sale of a controlled substance, or a felony demonstrating dishonesty or moral turpitude;
 - (b) The person seeking approval has a record of financial irresponsibility, including without limitation prior bankruptcies, foreclosures or bad debts;
 - (c) The person seeking approval gives the Board reasonable cause to believe that person intends to conduct himself in a manner inconsistent with the covenants and restrictions applicable to the Condominium;
 - (d) The person seeking approval has a history of disruptive behavior or disregard for the rights or property of others;
 - (e) The person seeking approval has evidenced an attitude of disregard for association rules by his conduct in this Condominium or another as a tenant, unit owner or occupant of a unit;
 - (f) The transfer to the person seeking approval would result in that person owning more than two (2) units in the Condominium; or
 - (g) The person seeking approval has failed to provide the information, fees or interviews required to process the application in a timely manner, or provided false information during the application process.

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- (h) The transaction, if a sale or gift, was concluded by the parties without having sought and obtained the prior approval required herein.
- Without Good Cause. The Association's approval shall not be denied unless a **(2)** majority of the whole Board so votes. If the Board disapproves without good cause, and if the owner or transferee has made the demand set forth in Section 14.3(A)(3), then within thirty (30) days after the Board meeting at which the disapproval took place, the Board shall deliver in writing to the owner (hereafter "the seller") the name of an approved purchaser who will purchase the unit at the same price, and upon substantially the same terms, as in the disapproved sales contract. If no sales contract was involved, or if the Association challenges the contract price as not being a good faith purchase price, then the purchase price shall be paid in cash, and the price to be paid shall be determined by agreement, or in the absence of agreement, shall be the fair market value determined by the arithmetic average of appraisals by two state-certified property appraisers, one selected by the seller and the other by the Association. The cost of the appraisals, and all other closing costs in cases where no sales contract is involved, shall be shared equally by the buyer and seller, except that the purchaser shall pay for his own title insurance, and all costs of mortgage financing. Real property taxes and condominium assessments shall be prorated to the day of closing and the parties shall bear their own attorneys fees, if any. The closing shall take place not longer than sixty (60) days after the date of Board disapproval or thirty (30) days after determination of fair market value by appraisal, whichever occurs last. Failure or refusal to close by either party shall constitute a breach of contract and shall entitle the other party to seek specific performance or damages.
- (3) If the Board fails to deliver the name of the approved purchaser within thirty (30) days as required above, then the original proposed purchaser shall be deemed to be approved, despite the Board's former disapproval, and upon demand a Certificate of Approval shall be issued.
- 14.4 Exception. The provisions of Sections 14.2 and 14.3 are not applicable to the acquisition of title by a first mortgagee who acquires title through the mortgage, whether by foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure.
- 14.5 <u>Unapproved Transfers</u>. Any sale or transfer which is not approved, or which is disapproved pursuant to the terms of this Declaration shall be void unless subsequently approved in writing by the Board.
- 14.6 Fees and Deposits Related to the Sale of Units. Whenever herein the Board's approval is required to allow the sale or other transfer of an interest in a unit, the Association may charge the owner a preset fee for processing the application, such fee not to exceed the maximum amount allowed by law. The Association may also require any deposits that are authorized by the Condominium Act as amended from time to time.
- 15. <u>INSURANCE</u>. In order to adequately protect the Association and its members, insurance shall be carried and kept in force at all times in accordance with the following provisions:

- personal property therein, including all floor, wall and ceiling coverings, built-in cabinets and appliances, water heaters, air conditioning and heating equipment, and electrical fixtures, and all alterations, additions and improvements made to the unit or the common elements by the owner or his predecessors in title. Each unit owner is expected to carry homeowner's insurance, with endorsements for leakage, seepage and wind-driven rain, additions and alterations, and loss assessment protection, or recognize that he bears financial responsibility for any damage to his property or liability to others that would otherwise be covered by such insurance.
- 15.2 <u>Association Insurance</u>; <u>Duty and Authority to Obtain</u>. The Board of Directors shall obtain and keep in force the insurance coverage which it is required to carry by law and under the condominium documents, and may obtain and keep in force any or all additional insurance coverage as it deems necessary. The name of the insured shall be the Association and the unit owners without naming them, and their mortgagees, as their interests shall appear. To the extent permitted by law, the Association may self-insure.
- 15.3 Required Coverage. The Association shall maintain adequate insurance covering all of the buildings and the common elements as well as all association property, in amounts determined annually by the Board of Directors, such insurance to afford the following protection:
 - (A) Property. Loss or damage by fire, extended coverage (including windstorm), vandalism and malicious mischief, and other hazards covered by what is commonly known as an "All Risk" property contract.
 - (B) Flood. In amounts deemed adequate by the Board of Directors, as available through the National Flood Insurance Program.
 - (C) <u>Liability</u>. Premises and operations liability for bodily injury and property damage in such limits of protection and with such coverage as are determined by the Board of Directors, with cross liability endorsement to cover liabilities of the unit owners as a group to a unit owner.
 - (D) <u>Automobile</u>. Automobile liability for bodily injury and property damage for all owned and non-owned motor vehicles, in such limits of protection and with such coverage as may be determined by the Board of Directors.
 - (E) Compensation. The Association shall maintain Workers' Compensation insurance on at least a minimum premium basis.
 - (F) Fidelity Bond. As required by law.
 - 15.4 Optional Coverage. The Association may purchase and carry other such insurance coverage as the Board of Directors may determine to be in the best interest of the Association and unit owners. Some of the more common options include:
 - (A) Additional flood insurance.
 - (B) Boiler and Machinery coverage (includes breakdown on common element air conditioning units).

- (C) Broad Form Comprehensive General Liability Endorsement.
- (D) Elevator Liability & Elevator Collision.
- (E) Directors and Officers Liability.
- (F) Medical Payments.
- (G) Leakage, seepage and wind-driven rain.
- 15.5 <u>Description of Coverage</u>. A detailed summary of the coverages included in the master policies, and copies of the master policies, shall be available for inspection by unit owners or their authorized representatives upon request.
- 15.6 Waiver of Subrogation. If available and where applicable, the Board of Directors shall endeavor to obtain insurance policies which provide that the insurer waives its right to subrogation as to any claim against the Association unit owners, or their respective servants, agents or guests, except for any claim based upon gross negligence evidencing reckless, willful or wanton disregard for life or property.
- 15.7 <u>Insurance Proceeds</u>. All insurance policies purchased by the Association shall be for the benefit of the Association, the unit owners and their mortgagees as their interests may appear, and all proceeds shall be payable to the Association. The duty of the Association shall be to receive such proceeds as are paid, and to hold the same in trust, and disburse them for the purposes stated herein and for the benefit of the unit owners and their respective mortgagees in the following shares:
 - (A) Common Elements. Proceeds on account of damage to common elements shall be held in as many undivided shares as there are units, the shares of each unit owner being the same as his share in the common elements.
 - (B) Units. Proceeds on account of damage within the units shall be held in undivided shares based on the prorated amount of damage within each damaged unit as a percentage of the total damage within all units.
 - (C) Mortgagee. If a mortgagee endorsement has been issued as to a unit, the shares of the mortgagee and the unit owner shall be as their interests appear. In no event shall any mortgagee have the right to demand application of insurance proceeds to any mortgage or mortgages which it may hold against unit or units, except to the extent that insurance proceeds exceed the actual cost of repair or restoration of the damaged building or buildings. Except as otherwise expressly provided, no mortgagee shall have any right to participate in determining whether improvements will be restored after casualty.
- 15.8 <u>Distribution of Proceeds</u>. Proceeds of insurance policies received by the Association shall be distributed to or for the benefit of the unit owners in the following manner:
 - (A) Cost of Reconstruction or Repair. If the damage for which the proceeds are paid is to be reconstructed or repaired by the Association, the remaining proceeds shall be paid to defray the costs thereof. Any proceeds remaining after defraying costs shall be

distributed to the beneficial owners, remittances to unit owners and their mortgagees being paid jointly to them.

- (B) Failure to Reconstruct or Repair. If it is determined in the manner elsewhere provided herein that the damages for which the proceeds are paid shall not be reconstructed or repaired, the remaining proceeds shall be distributed to the beneficial owners, remittances to unit owners and their mortgagees being payable jointly to them.
- 15.9 <u>Association as Agent</u>. The Association is hereby irrevocably appointed as agent for each unit owner to adjust all claims arising under insurance policies purchased by the Association for damage or loss to the condominium property.
- 16. <u>RECONSTRUCTION OR REPAIR AFTER CASUALTY</u>: If any part of the condominium property is damaged by casualty, whether and how it shall be reconstructed or repaired shall be determined as follows:
- 16.1 <u>Damage to Units</u>. Where loss or damage occurs within one or more units, any Association insurance proceeds on account of the loss or damage, less the deductible, shall be distributed to the owner(s) of the damaged unit(s) in shares as provided in Section 15.7 above. The owner(s) of the damaged unit(s) shall be responsible for reconstruction and repair.
- 16.2 <u>Damage to Common Elements Less than "Very Substantial"</u>. Where loss or damage occurs to the common elements, but the loss is less than "very substantial", as hereinafter defined, it shall be mandatory for the Association to repair, restore and rebuild the damage caused by the loss, and the following procedures shall apply:
 - (A) The Board of Directors shall promptly obtain reliable and detailed estimates of the cost of repair and restoration, and shall negotiate and contract for repair and reconstruction.
 - (B) If the proceeds of insurance and available reserves are insufficient to pay for the cost of repair and reconstruction of the common elements, the Association shall promptly, upon determination of the deficiency, levy a special assessment against all unit owners in proportion to their shares in the common elements for the deficiency. Such special assessments need not be approved by the unit owners. The proceeds from the special assessment shall be added to the funds available for repair and restoration of the property.
- 16.3 "Very Substantial" Damage. As used in this Declaration, the term "very substantial" damage shall mean loss or damage caused by a common occurrence whereby at least three-fourths (3/4ths) of the total units cannot reasonably be rendered habitable within sixty (60) days. Should such "very substantial" damage occur then:
 - (A) The Board of Directors and the officers, or any of them, are authorized, regardless of any other provision of this Declaration, to take such action as may reasonably appear to be necessary under emergency conditions to evacuate or shore-up structures and salvage property, to engage security to protect against looting or other criminal acts, and alter the condominium property or association property as might be reasonable under the circumstances to protect the condominium property or association property from further

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damage or deterioration. This authority includes the authority to expend any and all available association funds.

- (B) The Board of Directors shall endeavor to obtain comprehensive, detailed estimates of the cost of repair and restoration.
- (C) A membership meeting shall be called by the Board of Directors to be held not later than sixty (60) days after the Board has obtained the estimates, to determine the opinion of the membership with reference to rebuilding or termination of the Condominium, subject to the following:
 - (1) If the insurance proceeds, reserves and other association funds available for the restoration and repairs that are the Association's responsibility are sufficient to cover the estimated cost thereof so that it is reasonably anticipated that the repairs and reconstruction can be accomplished with a special assessment not exceeding fifteen percent (15%) of the total annual budget for the year in which the casualty occurred, then the Condominium shall be restored or repaired unless two-thirds (2/3rds) of the total voting interests vote for termination, in which case the Condominium shall be terminated.
 - (2)If upon the advice of legal counsel, it appears unlikely that the then applicable zoning or other regulatory laws will allow reconstruction of the same number and general types of units; or if the insurance proceeds, reserves and other association funds available for restoration and repair are not sufficient to cover the estimated cost thereof so that it is reasonably anticipated that the repairs and reconstruction can only be accomplished by levying special assessments exceeding fifteen percent (15%) of the total annual budget for the year in which the casualty occurred, then unless two-thirds (2/3rds) of the total voting interests vote in favor of such special assessment and against termination of the Condominium, it shall be terminated and the property removed from the provisions of the Condominium Act. If the requisite number of unit owners approve reconstruction, the Board of Directors shall levy such assessments as are necessary and shall proceed to negotiate and contract for necessary repairs and restoration. The proceeds from the special assessments shall be added to the funds available for repair and restoration of the property.
- (D) If any dispute shall arise as to whether "very substantial" damage has occurred, or as to the amount of special assessments required, a determination approved by at least two-thirds (2/3rds) of the Board of Directors shall be conclusive, and shall be binding upon all unit owners.
- 16.4 Application of Insurance Proceeds. It shall be presumed that the first monies disbursed for repair and restoration are from insurance proceeds; if there is a balance left in the funds held by the Association after the payment of all costs of repair and restoration, such balance shall be distributed to the unit owners, except as otherwise provided in Section 15.7(C) above.
- 16.5 Equitable Relief. In the event of damage to the common elements which renders any unit uninhabitable, and the damage is not repaired, reconstructed, or rebuilt within a reasonable period of time, the owner of the uninhabitable unit may petition a court for equitable relief, which may include

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a termination of the Condominium and a partition. For the purposes of this provision, it shall be presumed that repair, reconstruction or rebuilding has occurred within a reasonable period of time if substantial work is commenced within nine (9) months following the damage or destruction, and is substantially completed within nine (9) months thereafter.

16.6 Plans and Specifications. Any reconstruction or repairs must be substantially in accordance with the plans and specifications for the original buildings, or according to different plans and specifications approved by the Board of Directors, by the owners of at least three-fourths (3/4ths) of the units, and by the Primary Institutional Mortgagee, if any. Such approvals may not be unreasonable withheld. However, no change in plans and specifications shall materially reduce the interior floor space of any unit without the consent of the unit owner and his institutional mortgagee, if any.

17. CONDEMNATION:

- 17.1 Deposit of Awards with Association. The taking of all or any part of the condominium property by condemnation or eminent domain shall be deemed to be a casualty to the portion taken and the awards for that taking shall be deemed to be proceeds from insurance on account of the casualty. Even though the awards may be payable to unit owners, the unit owners shall deposit the awards with the Association; and if any fail to do so, a special charge shall be made against a defaulting unit owner in the amount of his award, or the amount of that award shall be set off against any sums payable to that owner.
- 17.2 <u>Determination Whether to Continue Condominium</u>. Whether the Condominium will be continued after condemnation will be determined in the same manner provided for determining whether damaged property will be reconstructed and repaired after a casualty.
- 17.3 <u>Disbursement of Funds</u>. If the Condominium is terminated after condemnation, the proceeds of all awards and special assessments will be deemed to be condominium property and shall be owned and distributed in the manner provided for insurance proceeds when the Condominium is terminated after a casualty. If the Condominium is not terminated after condemnation, but the size of the Condominium will be reduced, the owners of condemned units, if any, will be made whole, and any property damaged by the taking will be made usable in the manner provided below. Proceeds of awards and special assessments shall be used for these purposes and shall be disbursed in the manner provided for disbursements of funds after a casualty.
- 17.4 <u>Association as Agent</u>. The Association is hereby irrevocably appointed as each unit owner's attorney-in-fact for purposes of negotiating or litigating with the condemning authority for the purpose of realizing just compensation.
- 17.5 <u>Units Reduced but Habitable</u>. If the condemnation reduces the size of a unit and the remaining portion of the unit can be made habitable, the awards for the taking of a portion of that unit shall be used for the following purposes in the order stated, and the following changes shall be effected in the Condominium:
 - (A) Restoration of Unit. The unit shall be made habitable. If the cost of the restoration exceeds the amount of the award, the additional funds required shall be paid by the owner of the unit.

- (B) <u>Distribution of Surplus</u>. The balance of the award, if any, shall be distributed to the owner of the unit and to each mortgagee of the unit, the remittance being made payable jointly to the owner and mortgagees.
- (C) Adjustment of Shares in Common Elements. If the floor area of a unit is reduced by the taking, the number representing the share in the common elements appurtenant to the unit shall be reduced in the proportion by which the floor area of the unit is reduced by the taking, and then the shares of all unit owners in the common elements shall be restated as percentages of the total of the numbers representing their original shares as reduced by the taking.
- 17.6 <u>Unit Made Not Habitable</u>. If the condemnation is of an entire unit or reduces the size of a unit so that it cannot be made habitable, the award for the taking of the unit shall be used for the following purposes in the order stated, and the following changes shall be effected in the Condominium:
 - (A) Payment of Award. The fair market value of the unit immediately prior to the taking shall be paid to the owner of the unit and to each mortgagee of the unit, the remittance being made payable jointly to the owner and mortgagee(s).
 - (B) Addition to Common Elements. If possible and practical, the remaining portion of the unit shall become a part of the common elements and shall be placed in condition for use by some or all unit owners in a manner approved by the Board of Directors.
 - (C) Adjustment of Shares in Common Elements. The shares in the common elements appurtenant to the units that continue as part of the Condominium shall be adjusted to distribute the ownership of the common elements among the reduced number of unit owners. This shall be done by restating the shares of continuing unit owners in the common elements as percentages of the total of the numbers representing the shares of these as they existed prior to the adjustment.
 - (D) Assessments. If the amount of the award for the taking is not sufficient to pay the fair market value of the condemned unit to the unit owner and to condition the remaining portion of the unit for use as a part of the common elements, the additional funds required for those purposes shall be raised by special assessment against all unit owners who will continue as owners of units after the changes in the Condominium affected by the taking. The assessments shall be made in proportion to the shares of those owners in the common elements after the changes affected by the taking.
 - (E) Arbitration. If the fair market value of a unit prior to the taking cannot be determined by agreement between the unit owner and the Association within thirty (30) days after notice by either party, the value shall be determined by appraisal in accordance with the following. The unit owner, the first mortgagee, if any, and the Association shall each appoint one certified real property appraiser, who shall appraise the unit and determine the fair market value by computing the arithmetic average of their appraisals of the unit. A judgment of specific performance upon the fair market value calculated in this way may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction. Each party shall bear the cost of his own appraiser.

- 17.7 Taking of Common Elements. Awards for the taking of common elements shall be used to make the remaining portion of the common elements usable in a manner approved by the Board of Directors. The balance of such awards, if any, shall be distributed to the unit owners in the shares in which they own the common elements after adjustment of these shares on account of the condemnation, if any. If a unit is mortgaged, the remittance shall be paid jointly to the owner and mortgagee(s) of the unit.
- 17.8 <u>Amendment of Declaration</u>. Any changes in units and in the common elements, in the ownership of the common elements, and in the sharing of common expenses that are necessitated by condemnation shall be accomplished by amending this Declaration in accordance with Sections 17.5 and 17.6 above. Such amendment need be approved only by the owners of a majority of the units. The consent of lien holders is not required for any such amendment.

18. TERMINATION: The Condominium may be terminated in the following manner:

- 18.1 Agreement. The Condominium may be terminated at any time by written agreement of the owners of at least eighty percent (80%) of the units, and the Primary Institutional Mortgagee.
- 18.2 <u>Very Substantial Damage</u>. If the Condominium, as a result of casualty, suffers "very substantial damage" to the extent defined in Section 16.3, and it is not decided as therein provided that it will be reconstructed or repaired, the condominium form of ownership of the property in this Condominium will thereby terminate without agreement.
- 18.3 General Provisions. Upon termination, the former unit owners shall become the owners, as tenants in common, of all condominium and association property and the assets of the Association. The shares of such tenants in common shall be the same as were their shares of the common elements. The mortgagee or lienor of a unit owner shall have a mortgage or lien solely and exclusively upon the undivided share of such tenant in common in and to the lands and other assets of the Association which he may become entitled to receive by reason of such termination. The termination of the Condominium shall be evidenced by a certificate of the Association, executed with the formalities of a deed, and certifying as to the facts effecting the termination. Termination shall become effective when that certificate is recorded in the Public Records of Collier County, Florida.
- 18.4 New Condominium. The termination of the Condominium does not bar creation of another Condominium affecting all or any portion of the same property.
- 18.5 Partition: Sale. Following termination, the former condominium property and association property may be partitioned and sold upon the application of any unit owner. If following a termination, at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the voting interests agree to accept an offer for the sale of the property, all owners shall be bound to execute deeds and other documents reasonably required to effect the sale. In that event, any action for partition of the property shall be held in abeyance pending the sale, and upon the consummation of the sale shall be discontinued by all parties thereto.
- 18.6 <u>Last Board</u>. The termination of the Condominium does not, by itself, terminate the Association. The members of the last Board of Directors and the officers of the Association shall continue to have the powers granted in this Declaration for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Association.

18.7 <u>Provisions Survive Termination</u>. The provisions of this Section 18 are covenants running with the land, and shall survive the termination of the Condominium until all matters covered by those provisions have been completed.

19. ENFORCEMENT:

- 19.1 <u>Duty to Comply; Right to Sue.</u> Each unit owner, his tenants and guests, and the Association shall be governed by and shall comply with the provisions of the Condominium Act, the condominium documents and the rules and regulations of the Association. Actions for damages or for injunctive relief, or both, for failure to comply may be brought by the Association or by a unit owner against:
 - (A) The Association;
 - (B) A unit owner;
 - (C) Anyone who occupies or is a tenant or guest in a unit; or
 - (D) Any member of the Board of Directors who willfully and knowingly fails to comply with these provisions.
- 19.2 Waiver of Rights. The failure of the Association or any member to enforce a right, provision, covenant or condition which may be granted by the condominium documents shall not constitute a waiver of the right of the Association or member to enforce such right, provision, covenant or condition in the future. A provision of the Condominium Act may not be waived by a unit owner if the waiver would adversely affect the rights of the owner or defeat the purpose of the provision, except that unit owners or Directors may waive notice of specific meetings as provided in the Bylaws. Any written instrument or instruction given by a purchaser or unit owner to an escrow agent may be relied upon by the escrow agent, whether or not such instruction and the payment of funds thereunder might otherwise constitute a waiver of any provision of the Condominium Act or the condominium documents.
- 19.3 Attorney's Fees. In any legal proceeding arising out of an alleged failure of a guest, tenant, unit owner or the Association to comply with the requirements of the Condominium Act, the condominium documents, or the Association's rules and regulations, as they may be amended from time to time, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover the costs of the proceeding and such attorneys fees as may be awarded by the court.
- 19.4 No Election of Remedies. All rights, remedies and privileges granted to the Association or unit owners under the law and the condominium documents shall be cumulative, and the exercise of any one or more shall not be deemed to constitute an election of remedies, nor shall it preclude the party from exercising any other rights, remedies, or privileges that may be available.

20. RIGHTS OF MORTGAGEES:

20.1 Approvals. Written consent of the institutional mortgagee of a unit shall be required for any amendment to the Declaration which would decrease the unit's share of ownership of the common elements, except as otherwise provided in Sections 17.5(C), 17.6(C) and 17.8.

- 20.2 <u>Notice of Casualty or Condemnation</u>. In the event of condemnation, eminent domain proceedings, or very substantial damage to, or destruction of, any unit or any part of the common elements, the record holder of any first mortgage on an affected unit shall be entitled to notice.
- 20.3 Mortgage Foreclosure. Except as limited by the Condominium Act as it may be amended from time to time, if the mortgagee of a first mortgage of record acquires title to a condominium parcel as a result of foreclosure of the mortgage, or as the result of a deed given in lieu of foreclosure, the mortgagee shall be liable for the share of common expenses or assessments attributable to the condominium parcel, or chargeable to the former owner of the parcel, which came due prior to the mortgagee's acquisition of title. Any unpaid share of common expenses for which such acquirer is exempt from liability becomes a common expense collectible from all unit owners. No acquirer of title to a condominium parcel by foreclosure, or by a deed in lieu of foreclosure, may be excused from the payment of any assessments coming due during the period of such ownership.
- 20.4 Redemption. If proceedings are instituted to foreclose any mortgage or lien on any unit, the Association, on behalf of one or more unit owners and with the permission of the mortgagee, may redeem the mortgage or lien for the amount due thereon and be thereby subrogated to all of the mortgagee's or lienor's rights of action, or the Association may purchase the unit at the foreclosure sale. Any mortgagee shall have an unrestricted, absolute right to accept title to the unit in settlement and satisfaction of the mortgage or to foreclose its mortgage in accordance with its terms, and to bid upon the unit at the foreclosure sale.
- 20.5 <u>Right to Inspect Books</u>. The Association shall make available to institutional mortgagees requesting same current copies of the condominium documents and the books, records and financial statements of the Association. "Available" shall mean ready for inspection, upon written request, during normal business hours, or under other reasonable circumstances. Photocopies shall be provided at the expense of the person requesting them.
- 20.6 <u>Financial Statement</u>. Any institutional mortgagee is entitled, upon written request, to a copy of the financial statement of the Association for the immediately preceding fiscal year.
- 20.7 <u>Lender's Notices</u>. Upon written request to the Association, any institutional mortgagee shall be entitled to timely written notice of:
 - (A) Any sixty (60) day or longer delinquency in the payment of assessments or charges owed by the owner of any unit on which it holds a mortgage.
 - (B) A lapse, cancellation, or material modification of any insurance policy or fidelity bond maintained by the Association.
 - (C) Any proposed action that requires the consent of a specified percentage of mortgage holders.
- 21. <u>DEVELOPER'S RIGHTS AND DUTIES</u>: Not withstanding the other provisions of this Declaration, as long as the Developer or any assignee of the Developer's rights holds any units in the Condominium for sale in the ordinary course of business, the following shall apply:

- 21.1 <u>Developer's Use</u>. Until the Developer has completed all of the contemplated improvements and has sold all of the units in the Condominium, neither the unit owners nor the Association, nor any person's use of the condominium property shall unreasonably interfere with the completion of the contemplated improvements or the sale of units. The Developer may make any use of the unsold units and the common elements and association property as may reasonably be expected to facilitate completion of contemplated improvements and sales of units, including, but not limited to, maintaining a sales office and/or model units, displaying signs, leasing units, and showing units to prospective purchasers.
- 21.2 <u>Assignment</u>. All or any of the rights, privileges, powers and immunities granted or reserved to the Developer in the condominium documents may be assigned by the Developer to any successor developer, without the consent of any other unit owner or any holder of a mortgage secured by any unit. In the event of the foreclosure of any mortgage owed by the Developer, or deed in lieu of such foreclosure, the person first acquiring title to such interest by reason of such foreclosure, or deed in lieu of foreclosure, shall succeed to all rights, powers, privileges and immunities of the Developer.
- 21.3 Amendment of Plans and Alteration of Boundaries and Apartment Dimensions. The developer reserves the right to change the interior floor plan of any units so long as the Developer owns the units so altered and provided that the condominium documents are amended as needed to reflect the changes. Any such amendment need be signed and acknowledged only by the Developer, and shall not require the approval of unit owners, purchasers, lien holders or the Association.
- 21.4 Amendments by Developer. The Developer has the right under the Condominium Act to amend this Declaration and its recorded exhibits for certain purposes. Said amendments may be made and executed solely by the Developer and recorded in the Public Records of Collier County, Florida, without any requirement of securing the consent of any unit owner, the Association, or the owner or holder of any lien encumbering a condominium parcel.
- 21.5 <u>Sales of Units</u>. The Developer shall have the right to sell or transfer ownership of any unit owned by it to any person or entity, on such terms and conditions as the Developer deems in its own best interest.
- 21.6 <u>Turnover</u>. The Developer may turn over control of the Association to unit owners other than the Developer prior to the statutory dates by causing all of its appointed Directors to resign, whereupon it shall be the affirmative obligation of unit owners other than the Developer to elect Directors and assume control of the Association. Provided that at least thirty (30) days notice of the Developer's decision to cause its appointees to resign is given to unit owners, neither the Developer, nor such appointees, shall be liable in any manner in connection with such resignations, even if unit owners other than the Developer refuse or fail to assume control of the Association.
- 22. <u>AMENDMENT OF DECLARATION</u>. Except as otherwise provided above as to amendments made by the Developer, all amendments to this Declaration shall be proposed and adopted in the following manner:
- 22.1 <u>Proposal</u>. Amendments to this Declaration may be proposed by the Board of Directors, or by written petition to the Board signed by the owners of at least one-fourth (1/4th) of the units.

- 22.2 <u>Procedure</u>. Upon any amendment or amendments to this Declaration being proposed as provided above, the proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted to a vote of the members not later than the next annual meeting for which proper notice can still be given.
- 22.3 <u>Vote Required.</u> Except as otherwise provided by law, or by specific provision of the condominium documents, this Declaration may be amended if the proposed amendment is approved by at least two-thirds (2/3rds) of the voting interests who are present and voting, in person or by proxy, at any annual or special meeting called for the purpose. Prior to the assumption of control of the Association by unit owners other than the Developer, this Declaration and any of its recorded exhibits may be amended by a two-thirds (2/3rds) vote of the Board of Directors.
- 22.4 <u>Certificate: Recording.</u> A copy of each adopted amendment shall be attached to a certificate that the amendment was duly adopted as an amendment to the Declaration, which certificate shall be in the form required by law and shall be executed by the President or Vice President of the Association with the formalities of a deed. The amendment shall be effective when the certificate and copy of the amendment are recorded in the Public Records of Collier County, Florida.
- 22.5 Proviso. No amendment to this Declaration may change the configuration or size of any unit in any material fashion, materially alter or modify the appurtenances to the unit, or change the proportion or percentage by which the owner of a parcel shares the common expenses and owns the common surplus, unless all record owners of the unit, any institutional mortgagee holding a mortgage on the unit, and the owners of at least a majority of the units, consent to the amendment. This proviso does not apply to changes caused by condemnation or a taking by eminent domain as provided in Section 17. No amendment shall operate to unlawfully discriminate against any unit owner nor against any class of unit owners.
- 22.6 Enlargement of Common Elements. The common elements designated by this Declaration may be enlarged to add real property acquired by the Association through amendment of this Declaration. The amendment must be approved by at least two-thirds (2/3rds) of the voting interests, but no other person need join in or consent to the amendment. The amendment divests the Association of title and vests title in the unit owners without naming them and without further conveyance, in the same proportion as the undivided shares in the common elements that are appurtenant to the units.
- 22.7 <u>Correction of Errors</u>. If there is an omission or error in this Declaration of Condominium or in other documents required by Florida law to establish the Condominium, the Association may correct the error or omission by following the procedures set forth in the Condominium Act.
- 22.8 <u>Amendment of Provision Relating to Developer</u>. As long as the Developer holds any unit in the Condominium for sale in the ordinary course of business, no amendment to this Declaration shall be effective to change any of the rights reserved to the Developer without the Developer's written consent.

23. MISCELLANEOUS

23.1 <u>Severability</u>. The invalidity or unenforceability in whole or in part of any covenant or restriction or any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word or other provision of this Declaration, or any recorded exhibit to this Declaration, shall not effect the remaining portions.

- 23.2 <u>Applicable Statutes</u>. The validity, application and construction of this Declaration and its recorded exhibits shall be governed by the Laws of Florida, particularly the Florida Condominium Act, as it exists on the date hereof.
- 23.3 <u>Conflicts</u>. If there is a conflict between any provision of this Declaration and the Condominium Act, the Condominium Act shall control. If there is a conflict between this Declaration and the Association's Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws, the Declaration shall control.
- 23.4 <u>Interpretation</u>. The Board of Directors is responsible for interpreting the provisions of this Declaration and its exhibits. Such interpretation shall be binding upon all parties unless wholly unreasonable. A written opinion rendered by legal counsel that an interpretation adopted by the Board is not unreasonable shall conclusively establish the validity of such interpretation.
- 23.5 <u>Exhibits</u>. There is hereby incorporated within this Declaration any materials contained in the exhibits hereto which, under the Condominium Act, are required to be part of the Declaration.
- 23.6 <u>Singular</u>, <u>Plural and Gender</u>. Whenever the context so requires, the use of the plural shall include the singular and the plural, and the use of any gender shall be deemed to include all genders.
- 23.7 <u>Headings</u>. The headings used in the condominium documents are for reference purposes only, and do not constitute substantive matter to be considered in construing the terms and provisions of these documents.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, written.	the Developer	has executed	this Declaration	the day	and year	first abov	c
Signed in the presence of:		SE	A CHASE DEV	ELOPM	ENT COM	PANY O	F

WITNESSES

SEA CHASE DEVELOPMENT COMPANY OF NAPLES, INC., a Florida corporation

Shreelal M. Shindore, President 12681 New Brittany Blvd.

Ft. Myers, Florida 33907

(CORPORATE SEAL)

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

I hereby certify that on the <u>ob</u> day of <u>do nua 84</u>, 1995, personally appeared before me Shreelal M. Shindore, as President of SEA CHASE DEVELOPMENT COMPANY OF NAPLES, INC., a Florida corporation, who executed the foregoing certificate in the name and on behalf of said corporation. as identification. Mr. Shindore is personally known to me ar did show

> NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF FLORIDA MY COMMISSION EXP. MAR. 13, 1995 BONDED THRU GENERAL INS. UND.

Print name: PALAICIA Notary Public

DECLARATION

JOINDER AND CONSENT OF MORTGAGEE

This Joinder and Consent is given this 06 th day of January 1994, on behalf of Julius Fiske. Individually and as Trustee, 985 Aqua Circle, Naples, Florida 33940 ("Mortgagee"), being the owner and holder of that certain mortgage given by Sea Chase Development Company of Naples, Inc., a Florida corporation ("Mortgagor"), dated January 31, 1994, and recorded on the 1st day of February, 1994, in O.R. Book 1910, Pages 304 et seq., Public Records of Collier County, Florida, which mortgage encumbers the land therein described, a portion of said land being the land upon which Sea Chase, a Condominium is submitted, hereby consents to and joins in the submission of such land to condominium ownership, pursuant to the foregoing Declaration of Condominium for Sea Chase, a Condominium, made by Sea Chase Development Company of Naples, Inc.

WHEREAS, Mortgagor has requested Mortgagee to join in and consent to the recording of the Declaration of Condominium of Sea Chase, a Condominium (the "Declaration").

NOW THEREFORE, Mortgagee consents to and joins in the recordation of the Declaration and agrees that the lien and effect of the Mortgage shall be subject and subordinate to the terms of the Declaration.

Mortgagee makes no warranty or representation of any kind or nature concerning the Declaration, any of its terms and provisions, or the legal sufficiency thereof, and disavows any such development of Sea Chase, a Condominium, and does not assume and shall not be responsible for any of the obligations or liabilities of the developer contained in the Declaration or other documents issued in connection with the promotion of Sea Chase. None of the representations contained in the Declaration or other documents shall be deemed to have been made by Mortgagee, nor shall they be construed to create any obligation on Mortgagee to any person relying thereon. Nothing contained herein shall affect or impair the rights and remedies of Mortgagee as set forth in the Mortgage or in the Declaration.

This consent is limited to the purposes and requirements of Section 718.104, Florida Statutes, and shall not affect or impair the rights and remedies of Mortgagee as set forth in the Mortgage or in the Declaration.

Made as of the day and year first above written.

WITNESSES Julius Fiske, Individually and as Trustee 985 Adva Circle Naples, FL 33940

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

The foregoing instrument was executed before me this och day of Julius Fiske, Individually and as Trustee. He is personally known to as identification.

> DTARY PUBLIC STATE OF FLORIDA Y COMISSION EXP. WAR. 13, 1995 BONDED THRU GENERAL INS. UND.

Notary Public

Print name: PATRICIA

JOINDER AND CONSENT OF MORTGAGEE

This Joinder and Consent is given this 3th day of NCOmber. 1994, on behalf of Barnett Bank of Lee County, N.A., 2000 Main St., Ft. Myers, Florida 33901 ("Mortgagee"), being the owner and holder of that certain mortgage given by Sea Chase Development Company of Naples, Inc., a Florida corporation ("Mortgagor"), dated January 31, 1994, and recorded on the 1st day of February, 1994, in O.R. Book 1910, Pages 284 et seq., Public Records of Collier County, Florida, which mortgage encumbers the land therein described, said land being the land upon which Sea Chase, a Condominium is submitted, hereby consents to and joins in the submission of such land to condominium ownership, pursuant to the foregoing Declaration of Condominium for Sea Chase, a Condominium, made by Sea Chase Development Company of Naples, Inc.

WHEREAS, Mortgagor has requested Mortgagee to join in and consent to the recording of the Declaration of Condominium of Sea Chase, a Condominium (the "Declaration").

NOW THEREFORE, Mortgagee consents to and joins in the recordation of the Declaration and agrees that the lien and effect of the Mortgage shall be subject and subordinate to the terms of the Declaration.

Mortgagee makes no warranty or representation of any kind or nature concerning the Declaration, any of its terms and provisions, or the legal sufficiency thereof, and disavows any such development of Sea Chase, a Condominium, and does not assume and shall not be responsible for any of the obligations or liabilities of the developer contained in the Declaration or other documents issued in connection with the promotion of Sea Chase. None of the representations contained in the Declaration or other documents shall be deemed to have been made by Mortgagee, nor shall they be construed to create any obligation on Mortgagee to any person relying thereon. Nothing contained herein shall affect or impair the rights and remedies of Mortgagee as set forth in the Mortgage or in the Declaration.

This consent is limited to the purposes and requirements of Section 718.104, Florida Statutes, and shall not affect or impair the rights and remedies of Mortgagee as set forth in the Mortgage or in the Declaration.

corporation. He is personally known to me or did produce

Made as of the day and year first above written.	
WITNESSES Print name: Lisa Tharp Limberly Juson Print name: Kimberly Tryon	BARNETT BANK OF LEE COUNTY, N.A. By: Michael Duckin Vice Plesident 2000 Main St. Ft. Myers, FL 33901 (CORPORATE SEAL)
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF LEE	
The foregoing instrument was executed before me t	his 20th day of Necember 1994, by

Commission CC123074 MMISSION EXPIRES: July 2, 1995. THRU NOTARY PUBLIC UNDERWRITERS.

W(in, Vice President of Barnett Bank of Lee County, N.A., on behalf of the

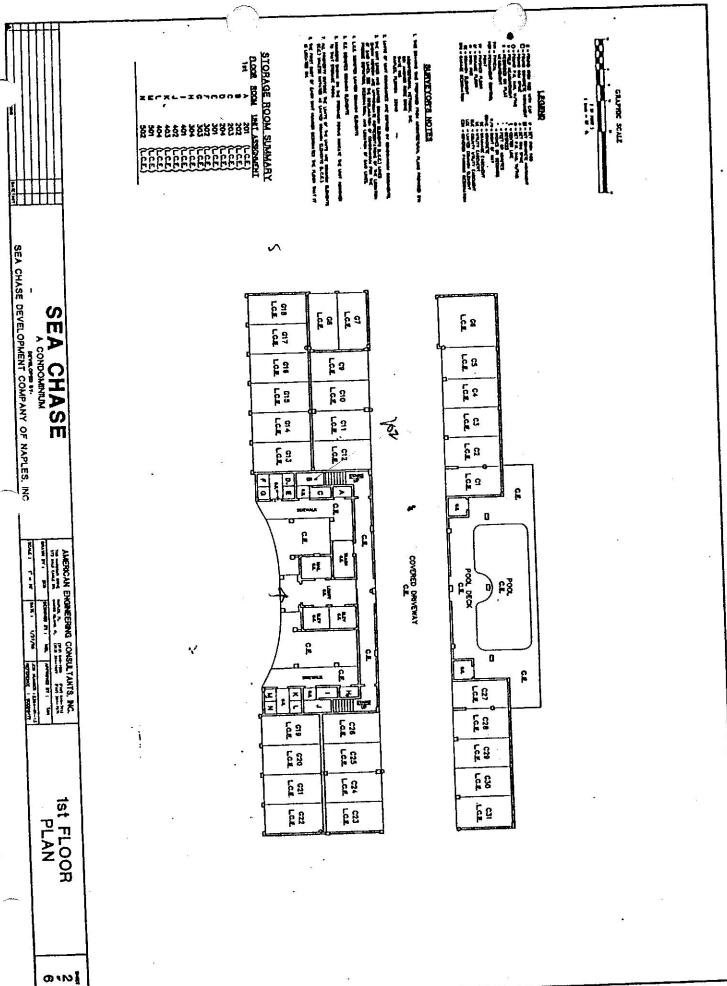
as identification.

American Engineering Consultants, Inc.

790 Harbour Drive Naples, Florida 33940 813-649-1551 • FAX 813-649-7112

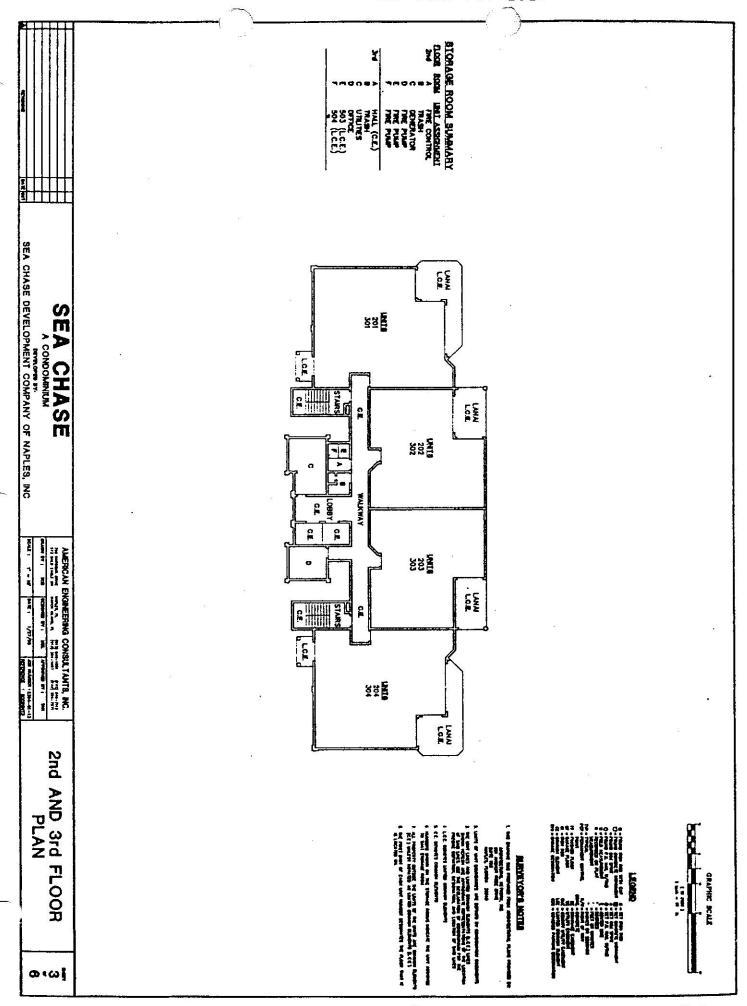
LEGAL DESCRIPTION

Lots 16, 17 and 18, Block A, Conner's Vanderbilt Beach Estates, Unit 1, as recorded in Plat Book 3, Page 8 of the Public Records of Collier County, Florida.



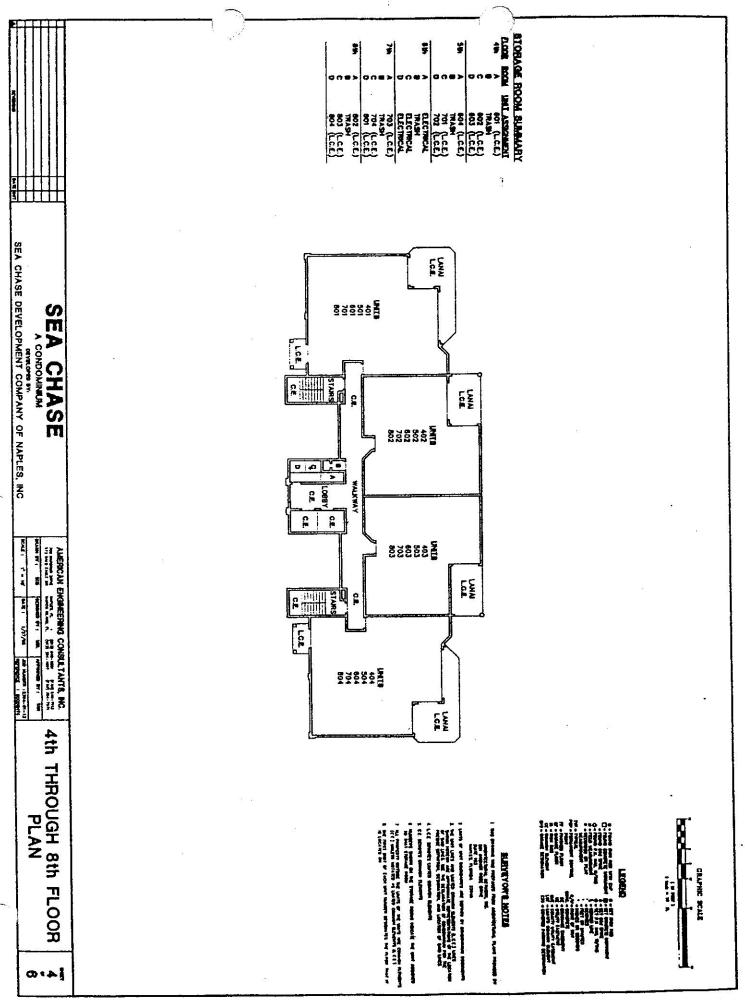
Page 2

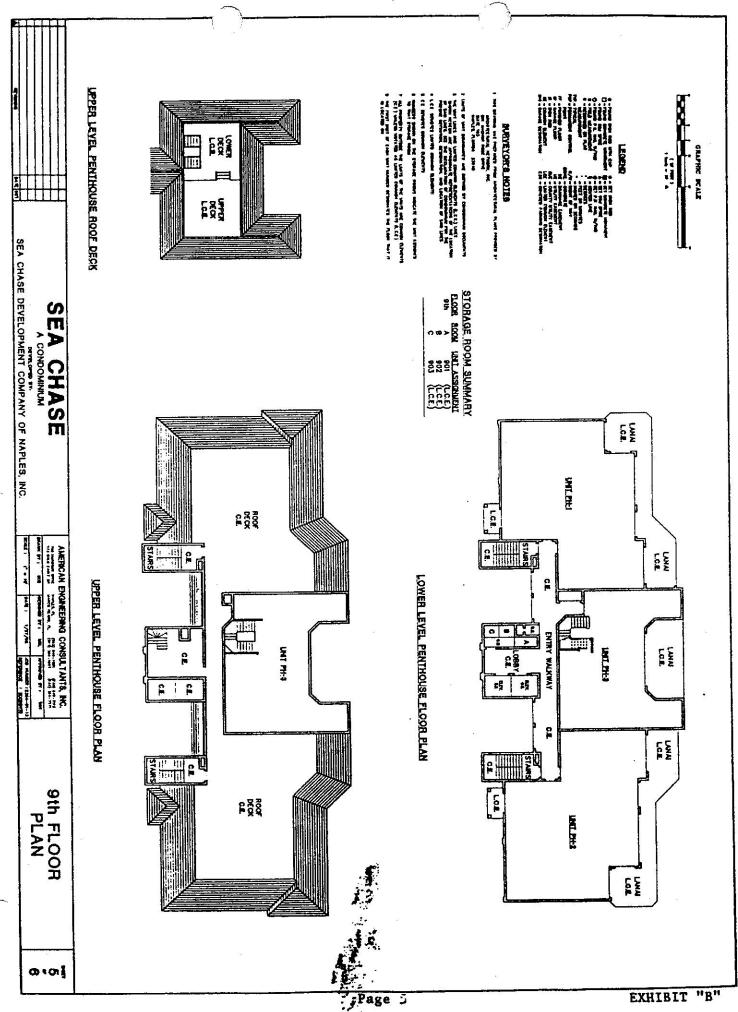
EXHIBIT "B"



Page 3

UR: 4040 FU: 4310





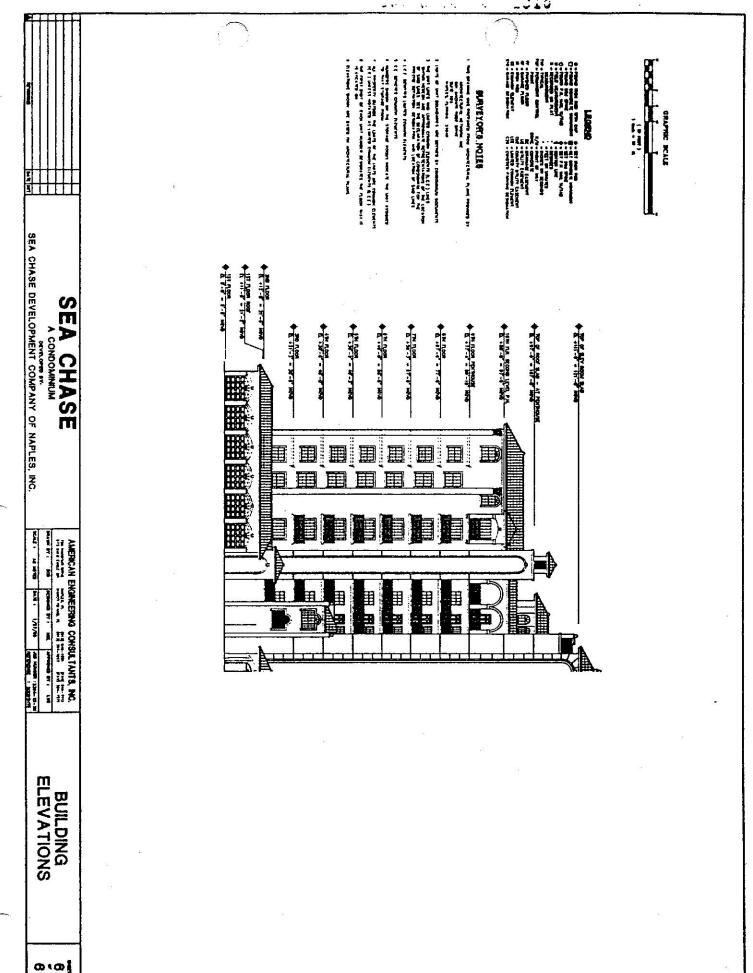


EXHIBIT "B'

American Engineering Consultants, Inc.

790 Harbour Drive Naples, Florida 33940 813-649-1551 • FAX 813-649-7112

CERTIFICATE OF SURVEYOR

- I, T. Alan Neal, of Collier County, Florida, hereby certify as follows:
- 1. That I am a Professional Land Surveyor and Mapper, authorized to practice in the state of Florida.
- 2. That this Certificate is made as to Sea Chase, a Condominium, in order to comply with the requirements of Section 718.104(4)(e), Florida Statutes.
- 3. That Exhibit "B" to the Declaration of Condominium for Sea Chase, a Condominium, together with the provisions of the Declaration describing the condominium property, is an accurate representation of the improvements, so that there can be determined from them the identification, location, and dimensions of the common elements and of the units.
- 4. That all planned improvements, including landscaping, utility services, and access to said units and the common element facilities serving the units, have been substantially completed.

Date: FEB 0 6 1995

T. Alan Neal Professional Land Surveyor State of Florida Reg.#4656

Not valid unless embossed with the Professional's seal.

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

I hereby certify that on this day before me, an officer duly authorized to take acknowledgements, personally appeared T. ALAN NEAL, and he acknowledged execution of the foregoing instrument for the purposes stated therein. He is personally known to me or did produce ______ as identification. He did not take an oath.

Witness my hand and official seal this 6 day of TEwwary, 1995

Notarial Seal

MY Comm Exp. 1/06/98
Bonded By Service has
No. CC340171

Motary Public Withrow

Print name